

Introducing the Equal Measures 2030 data tracker

This data tracking tool is being created by Equal Measures 2030 with the aim of monitoring a set of priority SDG targets and indicators crucial to measuring progress towards gender equality. Using insights from the tracker, we will provide critical analysis and unique perspectives, highlighting progress and gaps – including where data are not being collected or not being disaggregated by sex and age.

Our analyses will rely on the official indicators selected by the Inter-Agency and Expert Group on SDG Indicators (IAEG-SDGs). These provide essential information about the status of girls and women, but do not capture the full picture on their own. Therefore, as necessary, we will also use complementary indicators from other data sources – including citizen-generated data, data from NGOs, development agencies, and the private sector, and perceptions-based or values surveys – to help paint a fuller picture of progress and challenges.

Each of the Global Goals and targets is important on its own and each is meaningful to girls and women. But to maintain clarity and create a manageable and useful tool, Equal Measures 2030 aims to focus on a selection of targets reflecting key issues at various ages and stages of girls' and women's lives. The tracker currently includes 47 targets and 63 indicators covering 13 of the 17 Global Goals, including all of the targets under Goal 5, with its specific focus on gender equality.

The following targets and indicators were chosen by considering a number of criteria, including:

- Relevance, with an emphasis on targets that reflect the most marginalized girls and women
- Potential for disaggregation, to reflect the needs and lived realities of girls and women at different ages and stages
 of their lives and from different aspects of society
- Indicator characteristics, with a mix of indicators reflecting processes (e.g., policy efforts), outcomes (results of sustainable development), and structures (laws, policy frameworks or institutions)
- Levels of analysis, aiming for a mix of indicators in terms of assessing progress at all levels (individual, household, communities and institutions)
- Data quality and availability (periodicity, agreed-upon definitions, methodology, etc.)

As with any selection process, some important decisions had to be made about what to include and what to leave out, and the partnership has undergone a rigorous selection process based on the criteria above. To ensure our data tracker will become a solid reflection of the lives of girls and women during the Global Goals era, we welcome your comments and feedback on any additional key areas, or on ideas for how to plug the existing gaps in our tracker with complementary data sources and indicators.

Share your thoughts by completing our survey at https://goo.gl/forms/pG0L7zKKTjN5NbTF2. Thank you – your feedback is important to us!

- Tier 1: Indicator conceptually clear, established methodology and standards available and data regularly produced by countries
- Tier 2: Indicator conceptually clear, established methodology and standards available but data are not regularly produced by countries
- Tier 3: Indicator for which there are no established methodology and standards or methodology/standards are being developed/tested

Goal	Target	Indicator	Custodian agency (and other involved agencies)
GOAL 1 End poverty in all its forms everywhere	1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age	National Government (UNICEF, World Bank)
		1.2.2 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	National Government (UNICEF, World Bank, UNDP)
	1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1 Percentage of the population covered by social protection floors/systems, disaggre- gated by sex, and distinguishing children, the unemployed, old-age persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women/newborns, work injury victims, the poor and the vulnerable	ILO (World Bank)
	1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	1.4.2 Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to land, with legally recognized documentation and who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and by type of tenure	World Bank (UN-Habitat, FAO, UNSD, World Bank, UN-Women, UNEP, IFAD)
	Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions	1.b.1 Proportion of government recurrent and capital spending to sectors that disproportionally benefit women, the poor and vulnerable groups	UNESCO UIS (OECD, UNEP, UN-Women)
GOAL 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	2.2. By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age	UNICEF (WHO)
	3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio (maternal deaths per 100,000 live births)	WHO (UNFPA, UN DESA, World Bank)
		3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel	UNICEF (WHO, UNFPA)
	3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate	UNICEF (UN DESA, World Bank)
		3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate	UNICEF (UN DESA, World Bank)
GOAL 3 Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages GOAL 3 Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuber- culosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations	UNAIDS (WHO, UNFPA)
	3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease	WHO
	3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods	UN DESA (UNFPA, WHO)
		3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years; aged 15-19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group	UN DESA (UNFPA, WHO)
	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services (defined as the average coverage of essential services based on tracer interventions that include reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health, infectious diseases, non-communicable diseases and service capacity and access, among the general and the most disadvantaged population)	WHO (UNICEF, UNFPA, UN DESA)

GOAL 4 Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	4.1.1 Proportion of children/young people: (a) in grades 2/3; (b) at the end of primary; and (c) at the end of lower secondary achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii) mathematics, by sex Various tiers [Tier III (a)/ Tier II (b,c)]	UNESCO UIS (OECD)
	4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for 1) employment, 2) decent jobs and 3) entrepreneurship	4.4.1 Percentage of youth/adults with information and communications technology (ICT) skills by type of skill	UNESCO UIS, ITU (OECD)
	4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations	4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban, bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, indigenous people and conflict affected as data become available) for all education indicators on this list that can be disaggregated Various tiers [Tier I/II/III depending on indice]	UNESCO UIS (OECD)
	4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development	4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development, including gender equality and human rights, are mainstreamed at all levels in: (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher education and (d) student assessment	UNESCO UIS (OECD, UNEP, UN-Women)
	4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all	4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) the Internet for pedagogical purposes; (c) computers for pedagogical purposes; (d) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities; (e) basic drinking water; (f) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (g) basic handwashing facilities (as per the Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) indicator definitions)	UNESCO UIS (UNICEF, OECD, UNEP)
GOAL 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non discrimination on the basis of sex	UN Women (OHCHR, World Bank)
	5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private	5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previ- ous 12 months, by form of violence and by age	UNICEF, UN Women, UNFPA, WHO (UNSD, UNDP)
	spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation		UNICEF, UN Women, UNFPA, WHO (UNSD)
	5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18	UNICEF (WHO, UNFPA, UN Women, UN DESA)
		5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women aged 15- 49 years who have undergone female genital mutilation/cutting, by age	UNICEF (UNFPA, WHO)
	5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid do- mestic and care work, by sex, age and location	UN Women (UNSD)
	5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in a) national parliaments and b) local governments Various tiers [Tier I (a)/ Tier III (b)]	IPU, UN Women (World Bank)
		5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions	ILO

GOAL 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care	UNFPA (UN Women)
		5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that guarantee women aged 15-49 years access to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education	UNFPA (UN Women, UN DESA)
	5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws	5.a.1 Proportion of total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure	FAO, UN Women, UNSD (UNEP, World Bank, UN-Habitat)
		5.a.2 Proportion of countries where the legal framework (including customary law) guarantees women's equal rights to land ownership and/or control	FAO, World Bank, UN Women
	5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women	5.b.1 Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex	ITU
	5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels	5.c.1 Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment	UN Women, OECD
GOAL 6 Ensure avail-	6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all	6.1.1 Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	WHO, UNICEF (UNEP)
ability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all, and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	6.2.1 Proportion of population using safely managed sanitation services, including a handwashing facility with soap and water	WHO, UNICEF (UNEP)
GOAL 7 Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all	7.1 By 2030 ensure universal access to affordable, reliable, and modern energy services	7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity	World Bank (International Energy Agency, UN Energy, and SE4ALL Global Tracking Framework Consortium)
	8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex	ILO
	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons	8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male employees, by occupation, age and persons with disabilities	ILO
GOAL 8 Promote sustained,	with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age group and persons with disabilities	ILO
inclusive and sustainable economic	8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24) not in education, employment or training	ILO
growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 engaged in child labour, by sex and age	ILO, UNICEF
	8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment	8.8.2 Increase in national compliance of labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on ILO textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status	ILO
	Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all	8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile money service provider	World Bank (UNCDF)

GOAL 10 Reduce ine- quality within and among countries	10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	10.1.1. Growth rates of household expenditure or income per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population	World Bank
	10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by age, sex and persons with disabilities	World Bank
	10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	10.3.1 Proportion of the population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	OHCHR
GOAL 11 Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	11.2.1 Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	UN Habitat (UNEP)
	11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	11.7.1 Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	UN Habitat
		11.7.2 Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months	UNODC (UN Women, UN Habitat)
GOAL 13 Take urgent action to com- bat climate change and its impacts	13.b Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities	13.b.1 Number of least developed countries and small island developing States that are receiving specialized support, and amount of support, including finance, technology and capacity-building, for mechanisms for raising capacities for effective climate change-related planning and management, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities	OHRLLS (Office of High Representative of Landlocked Developing Countries (LLDCs), LDCS and SIDS), Regional Commissions, AOSIS, SIDS, Samoa Pathway (UNISDR, UNFCCC, WMO)
	16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by age group and sex	UNODC (UN DESA)
		16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and cause	OHCHR (UNMAS, UN DESA)
GOAL 16 Promote peaceful and		16.1.3 Proportion of the population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months	UNODC (UN-Women, UNFPA, WHO)
inclusive societies for sustainable		16.1.4 Proportion of the population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live	UNODC
development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children	16.2.1 Percentage of children aged 1-17 who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month	UNICEF (UNDP)
		16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age group and form of exploitation	UNODC
		16.2.3 Percentage of young women and men aged 18-24 who experienced sexual violence by age 18	
	16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all	16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms	UNODC

GOAL 16 Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels	16.7.1 Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups) in public institutions (national and local legislatures, public service, and judiciary) compared to national distributions	(UNDP)
		16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group	(UNDP)
	16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	16.9.1 Percentage of children under 5 whose births have been registered with a civil authority, disaggregated by age	UNSD, UNICEF (UNFPA, UN DESA)
GOAL 17 Strengthen the means of implemen- tation and revitalize the global part- nership for sustainable development	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts	17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics (UNEP, UNFPA)	UNSD