## FINAL COMPILATION OF AMENDMENTS TO GOALS AND TARGETS

# By Major Groups and other stakeholders including citizen's responses to MY World 6 priorities

To inform the Thirteenth and last Session of the Open Working Group on Sustainable Development Goals 14-18 July, 2014

## **Table of Contents**

Preface	. 2
Chapeau	. 2
Proposed goal 1	. 5
Proposed goal 2	. 6
Proposed goal 3	. 7
Proposed goal 4	. 8
Proposed goal 5	. 9
Proposed goal 61	10
Proposed goal 71	11
Proposed goal 8	12
Proposed goal 91	15
Proposed goal 101	16
Proposed goal 111	18
Proposed goal 121	19
Proposed goal 132	20
Proposed goal 142	21
Proposed goal 152	22
Proposed goal 162	24
Proposed goal 172	25
MyWorld Flowchart and Wordmap2	28

#### **Preface**

Major Groups have come together with other stakeholders to present a hybrid of the Major Groups structure with citizen input using crowd sourcing by using google docs. This allows organizations in New York and those unable to attend the OWG meetings to contribute their expertise and knowledge to the development of the SDGs. Major Groups presented proposed amendments to the co-chairs of the OWG every morning of the OWG meetings over the last four sessions. These amendments were compiled and shared with the co-chairs and posted online to inform each iteration of the SDGs. The compilation for OWG-13 was produced in advance to inform the final session of the OWG. It is the hope of Major Groups and other stakeholders that these amendments will help Member States to agree by Friday 18 July on a set of universal, transformational goals and targets.

**Additional inputs:** For a list of additional individual amendments to goals and targets please follow this link.

## **Chapeau**

With support of the Major Group for Children and Youth, the Women's Major Group, the NGO's Major Group, IWHC, ATD Fourth World, Amnesty International

Poverty eradication is the greatest global challenge facing the world today and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development. We are therefore committed to freeing humanity from poverty and hunger as a matter of urgency. We recognize that poverty is multidimensional and needs to be addressed in all its dimensions.

We recognize that poverty eradication, ending inequality and advancing human rights for all, changing unsustainable and promoting sustainable patterns of consumption and production and protecting and managing the natural resource base of economic and social development are the overarching objectives of and essential requirements for sustainable development for all.

We reaffirm that climate change is one of the greatest challenges of our time, and we express profound alarm that emissions of greenhouse gases continue to rise globally. We underscore that the global nature of climate change calls for the widest possible cooperation by all countries and their participation in an effective and appropriate international response, with a view to accelerating the reduction of global greenhouse gas emissions.

We reaffirm our commitment to fully implement the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21, the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development (Johannesburg Plan of Implementation) and the Johannesburg Declaration on Sustainable Development of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States (Barbados Programme of Action) and the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States. We also reaffirm our commitment to the full implementation all the major United Nations Conferences and summits in the economic, social and environmental fields, including the United Nations Millennium Declaration, the 2005 World Summit Outcome, the Monterrey

Consensus of the International Conference on Financing for Development, the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development: outcome document of the Follow-up International Conference on Financing for Development to Review the Implementation of the Monterrey Consensus, the outcome document of the High-level Plenary Meeting of the General Assembly on the Millennium Development Goals, the Programme of Action of the ICPD, the Beijing Platform of Action, and the outcomes of their subsequent reviews, the Madrid International Plan of Action on Ageing and the Outcome document of the September 2013 special event to follow up efforts made towards achieving the Millennium Development Goals.

We reaffirm that we continue to be guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, with full respect for international law and its principles. We further reaffirm the importance of freedom, peace and security, respect for all human rights, including the right to development and the right to an adequate standard of living, including the right to food, the right to water and sanitation, the rule of law, good governance, gender equality, women's human rights and women's empowerment and the protection, survival and development of children to their full potential and the overall commitment to just and democratic societies for development. We reaffirm the importance of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, as well as other international instruments relating to human rights and international law and we commit to using a human rights-based approach in the implementation of the goals.

We reaffirm the importance of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, as well as other international instruments relating to human rights and international law, including the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, the Convention on the Rights of the Child, the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, and the International Convention of the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families, which should be the basis of and mainstreamed across the SDGs framework. We emphasize the responsibilities of all States, in conformity with the Charter of the United Nations, to respect, protect and promote human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction of any kind as to race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth, disability, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, migration status, or any other status.

We recognize that people, of all ages and abilities, are at the centre of sustainable development and, in this regard, we strive for a world that is just, equitable and inclusive, and we commit to work together to promote <u>sustained</u> <u>sustainable</u> and inclusive economic <u>growth</u> <u>development</u>, social development and environmental protection and thereby to <u>engage</u> <u>and</u> benefit all.

We recognize that gender equality, the human rights of women and girls, and their effective participation are important for effective action on all aspects of sustainable development, that must be guaranteed including through the repeal of discriminatory laws and the removal of formal barriers, ensuring equal access to justice and legal support, the reform of institutions to ensure competence and capacity for gender mainstreaming and the development and adoption of innovative and special approaches to address informal, harmful practices that act as barriers to gender equality. We reaffirm our commitments to ensure women's equal rights, access and opportunities for participation and leadership in the economy, society, environmental and political

decision-making. In addition to a stand-alone goal, the human rights and empowerment of women and girls and gender equality must be mainstreamed across the SDGs framework and its monitoring.

We call for holistic and integrated approaches to sustainable development that will guide humanity to live in harmony with nature and lead to the management of the Earth System in such a way that she can support human life efforts to restore the health and integrity of the Earth's ecosystem. We acknowledge the natural and cultural diversity of the world, and recognize that all cultures and civilizations can contribute to sustainable development.

We affirm that there are different approaches, visions, models and tools available to each country, in accordance with its national circumstances and priorities, to achieve sustainable development in its three dimensions.

We recognize that each country faces specific challenges to achieve sustainable development, and we underscore the special challenges facing the most vulnerable countries and, in particular, African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States, as well as the specific challenges facing the middle-income countries. These challenges may include exposure to global environmental challenges and external economic shocks, including to a large range of impacts from climate change and potentially more frequent and intense natural disasters. Countries in situations of conflict or engaging in post-conflict reconstruction also need special attention.

We reaffirm all the principles of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, including, inter alia, the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities, as set out in principle 7 thereof.

We reaffirm our commitment to strengthen international cooperation to address the persistent challenges related to sustainable development for all, in particular in developing countries. Sustainable development can only be achieved with a broad alliance of people, governments, civil society and the private sector, all working together **through expanded opportunities for participation and engagement/collaboration** to secure the future we want for present and future generations.

We reaffirm that the means of implementation identified in Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21, the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation, the Monterrey Consensus of the International Conference on Financing for Development and the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development are indispensable for achieving the full and effective translation of sustainable development commitments into tangible sustainable development outcomes. In this regard, we look forward to the report of the Intergovernmental Committee of Experts on Sustainable Development Financing and the substantive outcome of the third International Conference on Financing for Development in July 2015. We reiterate that each country has primary responsibility for its own economic and social development and that the role of national policies, domestic resources and development strategies cannot be overemphasized. We reaffirm that developing countries need additional resources for sustainable development. We recognize the need for significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources and the effective use of financing, in order to promote sustainable development. We acknowledge that good governance and the rule of law at the national and international levels are essential for sustainable sustained, inclusive and equitable economic development growth, sustainable development and the eradication of poverty and hunger.

We also acknowledge that the implementation of sustainable development goals will depend on the active engagement of all public and private stakeholders, including those from the public and private

sectors, and civil society, noting that any such engagement must be consistent with human rights and gender equality, and regulated, transparent and accountable for its social and environmental impacts. A robust mechanism of implementation review will be essential for the success of the SDGs. The High Level Political Forum is to play a key role in this regard.

Sustainable Development Goals are accompanied by targets and will be further elaborated through indicators focused on measurable outcomes. They are action oriented, global in nature and universally applicable to all countries, while taking into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development and respecting national policies and priorities. These goals constitute an integrated, indivisible set of global priorities for sustainable development. Targets are defined as global targets, with each government setting its own national targets for each target area guided by the global level of ambition but taking into account national circumstances. The goals and targets integrate economic, social and environmental aspects and recognize their interlinkages in achieving sustainable development in all its dimensions. In the spirit of "leave no one behind", no target should be considered achieved unless met by lowest quintile of any population.

## Proposed goal 1.

## End poverty everywhere

With support of the Women's Major Group, the NGO's Major Group, the Stakeholder Group on Ageing, World Vision International, Amnesty International, Institute for Planetary Synthesis, the Association of World Citizens and the All Win Network (members of the Commons Cluster), Islamic Relief Worldwide, World Animal Protection, Wada Na Todo Abhiyan, International Movement ATD Fourth World and Pragya

- 1.1 by 2030, bring to zero the number of people living in extreme poverty and extreme multidimensional poverty, currently estimated at less than \$1.25 a day in low income countries
- 1.2 by 2030, reduce by at least half the proportion of people of all ages living below national poverty definitions
- 1.3 by 2030, implement nationally appropriate universal social protection measures systems including floors in line with ILO Recommendation 202, with a focus on ensuring coverage of women, the poor and people in vulnerable situations
- 1.4 by 2030 secure equal access for all men and women, reduce by x% the number of women and the number of men, particularly those most in need, who lack access to basic essential public goods and services,; secure the rights to own land, and property, and productive resources; and access to financial services, including microfinance
- 1.5 by 2030 **reduce losses by X% and** build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations to disasters, shocks and climate-related extreme events
- 1.a. ensure significant mobilization and redirecting of resources from a variety of sources to provide adequate and predicable means to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions at national and local levels

- 1.b Create sound progressive policy frameworks, at local, national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor development strategies and with the participation of citizens and other key stakeholders, to ensure accelerated investments in poverty eradication actions
- 1.c Develop policy frameworks to design and implement social protection floors which include ratification and implementation of ILO Convention 102 on social security, ILO Recommendation No 202 on SPFs, and x% spending on social protection as a percentage of GDP
- 1.d Provide technical support and financial assistance to developing countries for the design and implementation of social protection systems, in particular social protection floors, including governance structure, benefits and public service delivery, identification of beneficiaries and financing mechanisms

## Proposed goal 2.

End hunger, improve nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture

With support of the NGO's Major Group, the Food and Agriculture Cluster of the NGO's Major Group, Biovision Foundation, Save the Children, International Co-operative Alliance, World Animal Protection, Landesa, Amnesty International, Earth in Brackets and Pragya

Rewording of goal to: End hunger, achieve food security and **wholesome** adequate nutrition, and **shift to** promote sustainable agriculture

- 2.1 by 2030 end hunger and ensure that all people, in particular vulnerable groups, have access to safe, adequate, **culturally appropriate**, nutritious and affordable food all year round, **including through the progressive realization of the right to adequate food.**
- 2.2 by 2030 end all forms of malnutrition, and by 2025 achieve the internationally agreed targets on stunting, and wasting, and overweight and obesity in children under five years of age, and address the nutritional needs of pregnant and lactating women
- 2.3 by 2030 double agricultural productivity and the incomes of small-scale food producers, particularly women, youth, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure access to land tenure and access to other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, veterinary care, markets, and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment, and the promotion of co-operatives and other producer organizations.
- 2.4 by 2030 ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that boost productivity and production inter alia through improved soil and land management, input use efficiency, that help maintain healthy ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters, that progressively improve soil quality, and that allow [reducing/phasing-out] the use of [highly hazardous] pesticides.
- 2.5 by 2020 maintain genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants, farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at national, regional and international levels, and ensure access to and fair and

- equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge as internationally agreed
- [2.6 12.2: food waste and loss] [remove brackets, move target 12.2 to goal 2, while maintaining the substance of the current formulation in 12.2]
- 2.a increase investment in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development, respect traditional indigenous knowledge, and plant and livestock gene banks to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries and strengthen rural urban linkages, in particular in least developed countries
- 2.b. correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including by phasing out all forms of agricultural export subsidies
- 2.c. adopt measures to ensure the proper regulation of food commodity derivatives markets and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility
- 2.d. limit the usage of human-edible food crops for non-human food purposes at x%

## Proposed goal 3.

## Attain healthy life for all

With support of the Women's Major Group, the Major Group for Children and Youth, NGO Major Group, Areas, American Cancer Society, Commonwealth Medical Trust (Commat), FIA Foundation, Framework Convention Alliance, Global Health Technologies Coalition, Global Surgery Initiative and Johns Hopkins University, Global Youth Coalition on HIV/AIDS, Handicap International, International Collaboration for Essential Surgery (ICES), International Federation of Surgical Colleges (IFSC), International HIV/AIDS Alliance, Medicines for Malaria Venture (MMV), NCD Alliance, PATH, Stakeholder Group on Ageing, Stop AIDS Alliance, World Animal Protection

- 3.1 by 2030 reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births end preventable maternal mortality and morbidity
- 3.1 bis by 2030, achieve sexual and reproductive health and rights for all, including quality, integrated universal access to sexual and reproductive health information, education, services and commodities, with particular attention to adolescents and youth
- 3.2 by 2030 end preventable newborn, infant and under-five deaths
- 3.3 by 2030 end the epidemics of HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria, and neglected tropical diseases through universal prevention, treatment, care and support with attention on the most marginalized and people in vulnerable situations, adolescents, and young people
- 3.4 by 2030 reduce by at least one-third substantially morbidity, and mortality and disability from non-communicable diseases (NCDs) through prevention and treatment, address mental and neurological disorders and promote mental health and wellbeing
- 3.5 strengthen prevention and treatment of narcotic drug, alcohol, and substance abuse
- 3.6 by 2030 halve deaths from road traffic accidents deaths
- 3.7 achieve universal health coverage (UHC), including financial risk protection, access to essential health care services, and access to safe, effective and affordable essential medicines, technologies and vaccines and access to health for all people of all ages, with particular

- attention to the most marginalized and vulnerable populations and address antimicrobial resistance
- 3.8 by 2030 substantially reduce by half the number of preventable deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals, air (indoor and outdoor), water and soil pollution and other forms of environmental degradation
- 3.a strengthen Accelerate implementation of the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries who have ratified the Convention using the full range of options including legislation, regulation, fiscal measures, policies and programmes and urge countries that have not ratified it to ratify and implement it
- 3.b support research and development of vaccines and medicines, and technologies for health and functioning, for the communicable and noncommunicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines, and support developing countries' use of TRIPS flexibilities
- 3.c increase substantially the recruitment, development and training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, **including community health workers** especially in LDCs
- 3.c bis strengthen the capacity for early warning, risk reduction, and management of national and global health risks
- 3.c ter strengthen health systems to ensure that they have the resources, capacities, and technologies needed to provide quality, affordable, acceptable and accessible services along the continuum of care including prevention, promotion, early detection, medical and surgical treatment, rehabilitation and palliative care, and monitor health system performance.
- 3.c quat Remove legal and policy barriers to access to health services and protect the right to the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health in national laws.
- 3.c quint Ensure increased and sustainable financing for health through the allocation of dedicated resources to health in national budgets and the allocation of at least 0.1% of the GNI as part of the agreement by many developed countries to achieve at least 0.7% of GNI for ODA by 2015 to close health financing gaps, including through innovative financing mechanisms.

#### Proposed goal 4.

Provide quality education and life-long learning opportunities for all

With support of the Major Group for Children and Youth, the Indigenous Peoples' Major Group, the Workers and Trade Unions' Major Group, the Women's Major Group and the NGO's Major Group and the Global Campaign for Education

Rewording of goal to: **Ensure** provide **inclusive** quality education and life-long learning opportunities for all

- 4.1 by 2030 provide all children access to quality early childhood **education and** care and pre-primary education, **with gaps in access between social and economic groups significantly reduced**
- 4.2 by 2030, ensure all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to and achieve relevant and effective learning outcomes, consistent with our

- commitment to the right to education for all, with gaps in completion and learning outcomes between social and economic groups significantly reduced
- 4.3 by 2030 ensure equal access for all to **free** affordable quality tertiary education, including **vocational education and training and** university
- 4.4 by 2030 promote ensure universal youth and adult literacy and functional numeracy and equitable access to life-long learning, and provide employable skills for decent work especially to young women and men, and increase by at least x% adult literacy and basic numeracy
- 4.5 by 2030, eliminate gender disparities and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for people in vulnerable **and marginalised** situations, including **indigenous peoples and** persons with disabilities
- 4.6 by 2030 integrate into education programs **education for sustainable development** knowledge and skills necessary for sustainable development, **global citizenship**, human rights **including the rights of indigenous peoples**, gender equality, promoting a culture of peace and non-violence and culture's contribution to sustainable development
- 4.6 bis Achieve universal access to comprehensive sexuality education for all young people, in and out of school
- 4.7 by 2030 enhance the quality of teaching by ensuring that all learners are taught by qualified, professionally-trained, motivated and well-supported teachers
- 4.a by 2030 increase by x% the supply of qualified teachers, the recruitment, development and training and retention of the education workforce, especially in LDCs, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, and ensure safe, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
- 4.b by 2020 expand by x% globally the number of scholarships for students and government officials from developing countries in particular LDCs to enroll in higher education, including vocational training, programmes in developed countries and other developing countries, with particular attention to marginalised groups
- 4.c build and upgrade education facilities that are **non-discriminatory**, child and gender sensitive and provide **ensure** safe and inclusive learning environments, **including in emergencies**
- 4.d By 2030, all countries allocate at least 4-6% of their Gross Domestic Product (GDP) or at least 15-20% of their public expenditure to education, prioritizing groups most in need; and strengthen financial cooperation for education, prioritizing countries most in need

## Proposed goal 5.

Attain gender equality, empower women and girls everywhere

With support of the Women's Major Group, the Major Group for Children and Youth, the NGO's Major Group, the Workers and Trade Unions' Major Group and Beyond 2015.

Rewording of goal to: Achieve Attain gender equality, the full realization of women and girls' human rights and the empowerment of all women and girls everywhere

Amendments to targets:

5.1 by 2030 end all forms of discrimination against all women and girls of all ages

- 5.1 bis by 2030 fully engage men and boys to take responsibility to end discrimination and violence against women and girls, achieve gender equality and realize women and girls' human rights
- 5.2 **by 2030** eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in public and private **spheres** spaces and end their trafficking and sexual exploitation
- 5.3 **by 2030** eliminate all harmful practices, such as **especially** child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilations, and honor killings
- 5.4 **by 2030** recognize, **reduce** and redistribute unpaid care and domestic work through shared responsibility **by states, private sector, communities, families, men and women, within the family** and the provision of appropriate public services
- 5.5 by 2030 ensure full and effective participation and leadership of women and girls at all levels of decision-making in the public and private sectors spheres, including in conflict prevention, mediation and resolution
- 5.6 **by 2030** ensure universal access to the respect, promotion and protection of sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights for all, especially women and girls in accordance with the Programme of Action of the ICPD and the Beijing Platform for Action
- 5.a **by 2030** ensure women's realize, on an equal basis with men, secure rights to own and control land, property, natural and other assets and productive resources
- 5.b by 2030 achieve universal access to **essential services and infrastructure, including financial services and** ICT for women and men to promote <del>women's empowerment</del> **gender equality**
- 5.c **by 2030** promote sound, enforceable and monitorable legislation and policies for the promotion of gender equality at all levels, **including gender sensitive budgeting**
- 5.c bis by 2030 secure significant financial public resources across all sectors to ensure all national and sectoral plans and policies to achieve gender equality, the empowerment of women and the realization and enjoyment of women's and girls' human rights are fully costed and adequately resourced, including through domestic resource mobilization, progressive taxation, gender-responsive budgeting, allocation and increased priority to gender equality in official development assistance

## Proposed goal 6.

Ensure availability and sustainable use of water and sanitation for all

With support of the Women's Major Group, the Indigenous Peoples' Major Group, the Children and Youth Major Group, the NGO's Major Group, the Workers and Trade Unions Major Group, the Mining Working Group, Beyond 2015 and the Blue Planet Project

Rewording of goal to: Ensure **the human right to** availability and sustainable use of water and sanitation for all

- 6.1 by <del>2030</del>2020, achieve the human right to water and sanitation by providing universal access to safe, sufficient, affordable, acceptable and accessible drinking potable water, adequate sanitation and hygiene for all, consistent with our commitments to the rights to water and sanitation, with due consideration of economic, social and cultural aspects of such rights
- 6.2 by 2030, eliminate open defecation, achieve adequate sanitation and hygiene for all, ncluding at home, schools, health centres, refugee camps and public areas and progressively eliminate inequalities in access, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls
- 6.3 by 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping of chemicals and hazardous materials, doubling **publicly operated** wastewater **and sludge** treatment and increasing recycling and reuse by x% globally
- 6.4 by 2030, improve water-use efficiency-watersheds protection by x% across all sectors through a hierarchy of water use that prioritizes basic human needs, local consumption, and healthy ecosystems and bring freshwater withdrawals in line with sustainable supply by 2020, set a zero target on fresh water extraction beyond sustainable supply and protect and restore ecosystems and aquifers
- 6.5 by 2030 implement integrated people-centered democratic, participatory and accountable water resources management at all levels, including at the global level, and through appropriate and transparent transboundary cooperation as appropriate, and the support of all people according to the principle of subsidiarity
- 6.6 by <del>2030</del> **2020** decrease by x% mortality, **disease**, and y% losses caused by water-related disasters, **contamination**, **and scarcity**
- 6.a by 2030, expand international cooperation and support in water and sanitation related technologies, **including through public-public partnerships**, including water harvesting <del>and desalination technologies</del> and wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies

## Proposed goal 7.

Ensure sustainable energy for all

With support of the Women's Major Group, the Indigenous Peoples' Major Group, the NGO's Major Group, the Major Group for Children and Youth, the Mining Working Group, WECF International and Public Services International

- 7.1 by 2030 ensure universal access to affordable, sustainable and reliable energy services, sources and technologies, ensuring gender equality
- 7.2 **at least triple** double the share of **socially and environmentally sound** renewable energy in the global energy mix by 2030
- 7.3 **at least triple** <del>double</del> the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency by 2030 **in all sectors**
- 7.4 by 2030 phase out fossil fuel production and consumption subsidies, including those to nuclear energy production, that encourage wasteful use, while ensuring secure affordable energy for the poor and vulnerable
- 7.a enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy technologies, including advanced and cleaner fossil fuel technologies, with internalization of the full costs of the

- **impacts of energy production,** and promote **socially and environmentally responsible** public and private investment in **resilient** energy infrastructure and clean energy technologies **for households, local, remote and mobile communities**
- 7.b by 2030 expand **environmentally sound** infrastructure and upgrade **appropriate** technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all, particularly in LDCs, **with priority for locally produced and controlled energy services**

## Proposed goal 8.

Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

With support of the Women's Major Group, the Major Group for Children and Youth, the Workers and Trade Union's Major Group, the NGO's Major Group and the Indigenous Peoples' Major Group.

Rewording of goal to: **Ensure full and productive employment and decent work for all**, promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic, **social and human** growth-development, within planetary boundaries full and productive employment and decent work for all

- 8.1 achieve transformation of economies towards higher levels of productivity through diversification with a focus on high value added sectors by strengthening productive capacities through technological upgrading, skills development, greater value addition and product diversification, and ensuring transparency and accountability of productive sectors and activities in the economy that promote productive employment and decent work
- 8.2 create a sound pro-employment or job intensive macroeconomic environment with employment friendly redistributive fiscal and monetary policies and an enabling environment at national, regional and international levels for productive investment, creativity and innovation, and formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises that benefit women and men equally, promote equitable and sustainable development and mobilize resources to finance essential public services
- 8.2bis provide an enabling environment which accounts for all types of risks, inter alia Ecological Risk (such as ERISC being developed by UNEP) at national, regional and international levels that promote local markets, sustainable production and equitable access to markets and financial services for investment, creativity and innovation, and formalization and growth of micro, small-and medium-sized enterprises cooperatives, and alternative forms of ownership
- achieve progressively through 2030 global resource efficiency, and achieve endeavour to absolute decoupling of economic activity, both consumption & production, and human development growth from environmental degradation and resource use, by inter alia setting targets to place caps on virgin resource extraction including through Cap-and-Share
- 8.4 by 2030 achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people, older persons and persons with disabilities, eliminate the gender pay-gap and implement living wage and equal pay for work of equal value, consistent with our commitment to the right to work for everyone (in line with UNDHR article 23)

- 8.4 bis by 2020 halve the number of youth not in employment, education or training bearing in mind gender equality and reducing obstacles from the burden of unpaid domestic and care work
- (add) Ensure a just transition to a sustainable and low carbon future through the creation of green and decent jobs
- 8.5 take immediate and effective measures to secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, and by 2020 end child labour in all its forms
- 8.6 protect the rights and ensure safe and secure working environments of all workers, including migrant workers, women, domestic workers, workers with disabilities and those in informal and precarious employment, by promoting social dialogue, in accordance with ILO norms and standards
- (add) promote formalization of informal sector activities and employment with full access to social protection even in the stages of informal conditions of work (ref: ILO convention C177)
- (add) create a broader system of capital accounting looking beyond GDP, incorporating social, human and environmental capital, under the highest standards of human rights and gender equality, financial transparency and accountability mechanisms, including social and environmental safeguards
- 8.a improve Aid for Trade support for developing countries, notably through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for LDCs
- (add) implement the ILO Global Jobs Pact to promote the adoption of comprehensive national employment policy frameworks, and to strengthen labour market policies and institutions
- (add) by 2020 all countries legislate for and provide all workers with a minimum living wage sufficient to support a family to live with dignity, particularly those in the informal sector, women, domestic and migrant workers
- (add) Implement social protection measures, including social protection floors, as economic stabilisers
- (add) improve the collection and dissemination of relevant and up-to-date labour market statistics
- (add) promote comprehensive activation strategies to facilitate young people's school-to-work transition, in line with the ILO 2012 Call for action and the Global Strategy on Youth Employment
- (add) promote and respect international labour standards
- (add) enhance social dialogue and participation of the social partners in the formulation, implementation and monitoring of sustainable development policies, including through compliance will relevant ILO conventions like C081 and C129

#### Targets to be added to Proposed Goal 17

- enhance global macroeconomic policy coordination, transparency and accountability and increase policy coherence in support of socially and environmentally sound sustainable development, eliminating and sanctioning negative impacts by extraterritorial practices
- promote an equitable multilateral trading system which strengthens value added retention of low-income countries and building up local capacities in line with the highest standards of good social and environmental standards and practices
- strengthen domestic resource mobilization of developing countries, providing international support to improving progressive tax collection, tax and natural resource revenue transparency and regional harmonization of fiscal and monetary policy to avoid undercutting between neighbour countries and international resource mobilization through global taxation schemes (FTT and others)

## Proposed goal 9.

## Promote sustainable infrastructure and industrialization and foster innovation

With support of the Women's Major Group, the Major Group for Children and Youth, the NGO's Major Group, the Workers and Trade Unions' Major Group, Oxfam, Islamic's Relief, Policy International Cooperative Alliance and CEEweb for Biodiversity

Rewording of goal to: Promote sustainable resilient infrastructure and sustainable industrialization production and service development and foster innovation and added value creation

- 9.1 support the development of quality, reliable, safe, sustainable and resilient **and gender sensitive** infrastructure **and public services** for energy, water, waste management, transport, ports, **healthcare**, **education**, **public buildings** and ICT, with a focus on affordable access for all
- 9.2 improve regional and trans-border infrastructure to promote regional connectivity and integration and to facilitate trade under the human rights framework based on socially and environmentally sound criteria
- 9.3 create decent industrial jobs and significantly raise industry's share of employment and GDP in line with national circumstances, including doubling manufacturing's share in LDCs by 2030
- 9.4 ensure that **co-operatives**, small-scale industrial and other enterprises, particularly in LDCs, have affordable access to credit and are integrated into national, regional and global value chains and markets **with a gender equality approach**
- 9.5 by 2030 upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with greater adoption of clean technologies and socially and environmentally sound industrial processes, with developed countries taking the lead and all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities with full accordance to human rights framework and gender equality
- 9.5 bis by 2030, increase by x% the resource-efficiency, transparency and accountability of industry, reduce by y% harmful chemicals used and waste generated, and decrease by z% the intensity of carbon emissions from the industrial sector
- 9.5 ter achieve structural transformation of economies towards social and environmental responsible production patterns, in all sectors and activities
- 9.5 quat introduce a global corporate basic tax floor to promote sustainable development
- 9.a. facilitate sustainable socially and environmentally sound infrastructure development, with emphasis on enhanced public, transparent and accountable financial and technical support to LDCs
- 9.b. ensure a conducive policy environment at all levels for industrial transparent and accountable development, ensuring that no extra territorial practices generate negative social and environmental impacts, promoting entrepreneurship, cooperatives and innovation, for socially and environmentally sustainable solutions, ensuring high risk developments fulfil sustainability criteria, applying the no-data no market principle, with special attention to national circumstances in developing countries
- 9.c. enhance R&D activities and upgrade technological capabilities, including indigenous technologies, including access to environmentally and socially sound technologies in all countries

- 9.d. shorten the supply chain from the production phase to the consumption site in order to reduce the social and environmental impact of transport
- 9.e. by 2030 retrofit x% of existing industries with clean technologies and environmentally sound industrial processes to achieve y% absolute energy and z% resource-reduction improvement, with all countries taking action, developed countries taking the lead and developing countries following a similar pattern taking into account their development needs and capabilities., also with the help of the Internet

#### Proposed goal 10.

Reduce inequality within and between countries

With support of the Women's Major Group, the Workers and Trade Union's Major Group, the NGO's Major Group, the Initiative for Equality and Wada Na Todo Abhiyan of India

→ The goal should retain the separation between reducing inequalities within and between countries

Amendments to targets:

#### Reduce inequality among social groups within countries

- 10.1 through 2030 sustain income wealth growth of the bottom 40% of the population at a rate higher than the national average
- 10.1bis reduce income inequality in all countries such that the post-tax, post-transfer income of the poorest 40% is no less than the post-tax, post-transfer income of the richest 10%
- 10.2 by 2030 take actions to **ensure**, empower and promote the social, **political** and economic inclusion of all irrespective of race, ethnicity, **gender**, **age**, **disability**, **sexual orientation and gender identity**, **social**, **legal** or economic status, **or any other social attribute that may be a basis for discrimination**, marginalization and inequalities
- 10.3 **by 2030 eliminate all** reduce inequalities of opportunity and **minimize inequalities of** outcome **among all social groups**, including through eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and actions in this regard
- 10.4 progressively adopt policies especially fiscal policies to promote greater equality of wealth including progressive taxation systems, redistributive economic and social policies, wage and social protection and the adoption of country-by-country reporting standards for all transnational corporations
- 10.4bis by 2030 through the promotion of appropriately designed wage policies, including minimum living wages, increase work towards reversing the decline of the share of labour income in GDP by x% where relevant and reverse private wealth concentration beyond or at least in line with productivity increases

#### **Reduce Inequalities between Countries**

improve **strengthen** regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions, **ensuring governance reform in global financial** institutions, **ensuring that all countries** 

participate equally in decision-making and in compliance with international human rights, social, and environmental highest standards, and strengthen implementation of such regulations which must allow countries to apply temporary capital restrictions and seek to negotiate agreements on temporary debt standstills between debtors and creditors, with due diligence measures for accountability and transparency.

- 10.6 facilitate orderly, safe, and responsible migration and mobility of people, guaranteeing their **human rights,** including through implementation of planned and managed migration policies
- 10.7 by 2030, ensure equitable representation and voice of developing countries in decision making in global institutions of governance and development
- 10.a respect the principle of special and differential treatment for **developing countries and**particularly least developed countries in relevant international agreements including the WTO
- 10.b direct and reconfigure ODA and encourage financial flows, including foreign direct investment based on the human rights framework gender equality and sustainability criteria to states where the need is greatest, in particular LDCs, African countries, SIDS, and LLDCs
- 10.c by 2030, reduce to less than 5% the transaction costs of migrant remittances
- (add) Increase by x% the amount of land owned and accessed by local communities, including the amount of land available to men and women for small-scale agriculture.
- (add) Eliminate indirect taxes that disproportionately impact the poor and ensure that income taxes are based on progressive contributions that are scaled to income. increase the percentage of domestic revenue derived from taxation on capital gains, establish or expand revenue-generating taxes on selected services or luxury goods, including taxes on financial transactions, with the revenues being used for addressing socioeconomic inequalities within developing countries
- (add) All countries legislate for and provide all workers with a minimum living wage sufficient to support a family to live with dignity, particularly workers in the informal sector, women workers, domestic workers, and migrant workers.
- (add) by 2030, all countries should have a national floor for social protection that includes income security, access to essential health care, and access to basic services.
- (add) Ensure strong and functioning labour market institutions like minimum living wages, employment protection regulation, trade unions, social dialogue and collective bargaining
- (add) Establish measures at global level to reduce inequality among countries, to reduce income inequality for metrics including per capita income, resource use, and carbon output to no more than a 10-fold difference between the richest and poorest nations
- (add) by 2030, eliminate illicit financial flows, including money laundering, mispricing, transnational corruption and bribery, and eradicate cross-border tax evasion, improve and standardize financial reporting standards to increase transparency, including country-bycountry reporting of corporate profits, full transparency of global financial transactions, bank holdings and deposits, and beneficial ownership, and increased stolen asset recovery
- (add) by 2030, developed nations significantly reduce their water, carbon, cropland and raw material footprints, and developing nations in turn receive the financial and technology transfers required to achieve a good quality of life for all their citizens

## Proposed goal 11.

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe and sustainable

With support of the Major Group of Local Authorities, the Major Group for Children and Youth, the Women's Major Group, the NGO's Major Group and the Communitas Coalition

Rewording of goal: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

- 11.1 by 2013 ensure universal access to **equitable**, adequate and affordable **land**, housing and basic services for all, eliminate **slum-like conditions** and upgrade informal settlements **by working** with inhabitants through participatory and gender sensitive processes
- 11.2 by 2030 provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable **OR low carbon urban and periurban** transport for **connected and healthy communities**, and expand public transport **and non-motorized facilities**
- 11.3 enhance capacities for **participatory** integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management for all, **improving urban resilience** and reduc**ing** urban sprawl **and environmental impact**
- 11.4 by 2030 halve the number of death and decrease by 50% economic losses relative to GDP caused by natural disasters by 2030 reduce in x% disaster risk, losses of lives, assets, housing and infrastructure and discontinuity of services caused by climate, natural and man made disasters
- 11.5 by 2030, ensure universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible public spaces, including green spaces, particularly for women and children, the elderly and people with disabilities for enhanced social cohesion and the protection of natural and cultural heritage by increasing public awareness and enhancing participation of urban residents, including the poor, in decision-making
- 11.6 by 2030 reduce the environmental impact of cities with participatory policies that protect biodiversity, reduce air pollution by x% and increase waste water and waste recycling by x%
- 11.a integrate economic and social links between urban, peri-urban and rural into national and regional development planning, with particular attention to access to infrastructure and services and protection of ecosystems
- 11.b by 2020 increase by x% the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing **inclusive** integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resilience, mitigation and adaptation to climate change and natural **and human-induced** disasters
- 11.c support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, for sustainable buildings utilizing local content and materials
- 11.d by 2030 promote heritage, cultural diversity, creativity and the transmission of knowledge as a driver and enabler of the sustainable development of cities and human settlements

## Proposed goal 12.

#### Promote sustainable consumption and production patterns

With support of the Major Group for Children and Youth, the NGO's Major Group, the Scientific and Technological Community Major Group, the Women's Major Group, Beyond 2015, BioRegional, Volunteer Groups, EEB, ISF, Population Institute, Earth in Brackets and Global Reporting Initiative

Rewording of goal: Achieve Promote sustainable consumption and production patterns practices and systems

- by 2030, all countries have integrated policies and measures to promote sustainable consumption and production patterns into national strategies and plans, as envisioned in the 10 Year Framework of Programmes on sustainable consumption and production (10YFP) By 2020, at the latest, governments, businesses and stakeholders at all levels have taken steps to achieve or have implemented plans for sustainable production and consumption and have kept the impacts of use of natural resources well within safe ecological limits
- by 2030 reduce by half global food waste and production and post-harvest food losses and those along food supply chains
- 12.3 promote ensure the sound management of chemicals throughout their lifecycles, including of and hazardous wastes in accordance with agreed international frameworks and by 2030 significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil to eliminate significant adverse effects on human health and the environment
- 12.4 by 2030, substantially reduce all waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse
- ensure all increase the share of private sector actors incorporating sustainable development principles in their business practices, and by 2030 increase substantially the number of companies, especially large companies all major corporations should report on social and environmental impact, alongside financial reporting, in a transparent, open and timely manner
- 12.5alt Establish measures and policies for reporting and monitoring of progress by business in establishing corporate responsibility and sustainability policies and practices
- by 20302020 substantially increase the share of public procurement that is sustainable governments, local governments and major public services have sustainable procurement [add] policies in place for services and infrastructure, minimising environmental damage
- 12.a promote the transfer and dissemination to developing countries of environmentally sound technologies that improve energy and resource efficiency
- 12.b assist developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacities to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production
- 12a/b alt Assist developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacities to implement sustainable patterns of consumption and production, through transfer of environmentally sound technologies and information that improve energy and resource efficiency
- 12.c by 2030 ensure that people everywhere have information and understanding needed to live sustainable lifestyles and avoid unsustainable consumption, including through school curricula, products and services branding and labelling, effective and targeted awareness raising programmes and policies and incentives

- 12.d by 2030 develop and implement planning and monitoring tools for sustainable tourism which creates jobs, promotes local culture and products, and safeguards the world's cultural and natural heritage
- 12.e limit the usage of human-edible food crops for animal feed at x%

#### Regarding goal 8:

8.3 [add] By 2030 achieve progressively through 2030 global resource efficiency [add] in all sectors, and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation and resource use, [add] significantly reducing water, carbon, cropland and raw material footprints per unit of GDP while reducing waste and increasing reuse and recycling.

#### **Regarding Means of Implementation:**

By 2020 achieve effective implementation of the 10 Year Framework of Programmes (10YFP) in support of regional and national initiatives to accelerate the shift towards sustainable consumption and production, promoting social and economic development within the carrying capacity of ecosystems

## Proposed goal 13.

Tackle climate change and its impacts

With support of the NGO's Mayor Group, The Women's Major Group, The Major Group for Children and Youth, Beyond 2015, Climate Action Network and International-Lawyers.org

Rewording of goal to: (add) Promote actions at all level to tackle (add) the causes of climate change and its impacts

- 13.1 strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate induced hazards and natural disasters in all countries (re-insert) hold the increase in global average temperature below a 1.5/2°C rise in accordance with international agreements
- integrate climate change adaptation and mitigation into national strategies and plans (add) global annual emissions have declined to less than 40 GtCO2e/yr by 2020, and less than 24 GtCO2e per year by 2030
- improve education, awareness raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, impact reduction, and early warning
- 13.4 (add) by 2020 develop plans that ensure a just transition to climate resilient development and which integrates climate change adaptation and mitigation into all relevant national regional and local strategies and plans
- 13.5 (add) By 2020, ensure climate planning and action at all levels is rights-based, participatory and gender equitable] ADD: as well as ensure gender-based budgeting at all levels especially local government.

- 13.6 (add) by 2020 improve education, awareness raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, impact reduction, and early warning [ADD: especially at grassroots level]
- 13. a ensure the fulfilment of the commitment undertaken by developed country Parties to a goal of mobilizing jointly **adequate finance of at least** USD100 billion annually by 2020 **and rapidly** scaling up beyond that from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation
- as agreed at least 50% of these funds should be allocated to the Green Climate Fund ensuring the equal funding of adaptation and mitigation needs
- 13.c introduce instruments and incentives to rapidly reduce investment in fossil fuel and increase public financing, transfer of and domestic support for socially and ecologically sound technology and investments in low carbon solutions infrastructure, industry and other sectors
- ensure full respect for the principles of CBDR and equity to ensure adequate capacity building, technology transfer and financing for all developing countries

## Proposed goal 14.

Attain conservation and sustainable use of oceans, seas and marine resources

With support of the NGO's Major Group, the Women's Major Group, Youth Action, DIVA Fiji, Earth in Brackets, The Pew Charitable Trusts, Coastal and Marine Union and Dawn

- by <del>2030</del>**2020**, prevent and control, and reduce by x% globally, marine pollution of all kinds, particularly from land-based activities
- alt by 2020 reduce by x% globally, and by 2030 control and fully prevent marine pollution of all kinds, particularly from land-based activities
- by 2020, sustainably manage, restore and protect coastal and marine ecosystems from destruction adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and address ocean acidification and its impacts
- 14.2 bis Urgently address and prevent further ocean acidification
- by 2020, effectively regulate harvesting, end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing and destructive fishing practices, **eliminating overcapacity**, to and restore by 2030 in the shortest timeframe feasible fish stocks at least to ecologically safe levels levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield
- 14.4 By 2020, conserve at least 10% 20% of coastal and marine areas, including through establishing effectively managed marine protected areas and other effective area-based

- <del>conservation measures</del> within and beyond areas of national jurisdiction, consistent with international law and based on best available scientific information
- by 2020, eliminate fisheries subsidies, **including fuel subsidies**, which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, taking into account the importance of this sector to developing countries, notably least developed countries and SIDS
- bis support sustainable small-scale fisheries and aquaculture in all countries with gender equality under the human rights framework, including by providing equitable access of women fishers, small-scale and artisanal fishers to inter-alia, marine industry decisionmaking processes, credit and resources, fisheries and markets
- 14.5 ter by 2020, update and strengthen the UN Convention on Law of the Sea UNCLOS and harmonies with all SDG targets and indicators toward a coordinated monitoring and enforcement programme of action to address the full range of threats to ocean sustainability and for global biosphere protection, including in areas beyond national jurisdiction
- 14.a increase scientific knowledge, and transfer of marine technology, and develop research infrastructure and capacities to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the **sustainable** development of developing countries, in particular SIDS and LDCs
- by 2030 2020 increase the economic benefits to SIDS and LDCs from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture, tourism and provide equitable access of small-scale artisanal fishers to including women fishers, to inter-alia, marine industry decision-making processes at all levels, credit and resources, fisheries marine resources and markets
- 14.c **enhance control and enforcement capacity in order** <del>enforce international law on territorial</del> waters to stop illegal fishing and exploitation of marine resources in **international and** territorial waters, particularly of developing countries
- 14.d by 2020 develop and implement effective and targeted voluntary capacity building, skill sharing and awareness raising programs in all countries related to conserving and promoting use of oceans, seas and marine resources to leverage broad based changes in behaviors and actions

## Proposed goal 15.

Protect and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, halt desertification, land degradation and biodiversity loss

With support of the Women's Major Group, the NGO's Major Group and Beyond 2015.

Rewording of goal to: **Conserve,** protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, and halt desertification, land degradation and all biodiversity loss

- by 2020 ensure conservation and sustainable use of ecosystems, in particular waterways, wetlands, forests, mountains and drylands, in line with the Aichi Targets of the Convention on Biological Diversity and other international agreements
- by 2030 2020, ensure the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, terrestrial ecosystems, halt deforestation and degradation of forests, and increase ecosystem restoration reforestation by x15% globally including by the early prevention of deforestation and degradation of primary forests, with respect for the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities and their participation in decision-making
- by 2030, **significantly reduce** achieve a land degradation neutral world, and restore degraded land including land affected by desertification, and drought and human encroachment using best available technology and environmental practice
- by 2020 take urgent and significant action to halt the loss of biodiversity, and protect and prevent the extinction of known threatened species including by recognizing and promoting conservation and sustainable use practices by indigenous peoples, local communities and women
- by 2030, end poaching and trafficking of protected wildlife species of flora and fauna, and end demand and supply of illegal wildlife products, including timber and marine species
- 15.6 by 2020 introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems
- 15.a by 2020, mobilize and significantly increase from all sources financial resources to implement the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020 and provide adequate incentives for the conservation and sustainable use of forests, wetlands, mountains, drylands and other valuable ecosystems by indigenous peoples, local communities and women.
- 15.b mobilize significantly resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management of ecosystems, including forests, and provide adequate incentives foster collaboration to with developing countries and communities who depend on those resources to advance sustainable forest management, including for conservation and reforestation forest restoration with native species
- 15.c By 2020, end poaching of wildlife and illegal logging on forests including by enhanceing support to developing countries efforts to combat poaching and illegal trafficking of species especially endangered species both at the supply and demand sides, and creating synergies between the different stakeholders, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities
- 15.d Ensure free prior informed consent and partnering of indigenous peoples and local communities in ownership, decision making and natural resources management, and promote the use of their traditional knowledge.

## Proposed goal 16.

Achieve peaceful and inclusive societies, access to justice for all, and effective and capable institutions

With support of the Major Group for Children and Youth, the NGO's Major Group, the Women's Major Group, the Indigenous People's Major Group, the UN Mining Working Group, Beyond 2015, the Africa Working Group on Post-2015, the International Federation of Library Associations, Beyond Access and Child Helpline International

- by 2030 reduce levels of violence and halve related death rates everywhere By 2025, reduce by x% the number of violent deaths per 100,000 and reduce the number of people from all social groups affected by violence
- by 2030, end **all forms of** abuse, exploitation, and violence against children **and young people** everywhere
- by 2030 reduce halt illicit financial flows by x% globally, increase stolen asset recovery and return by y% globally, fight tackle all forms of organized crime, and reduce corruption and bribery in all its forms and at all levels and ensure accountability and transparency
- 16.3bis by 2030, significantly reduce international stresses that drive conflict, violence and insecurity, including global inequalities in wealth, land and resources ownership; irresponsible trade in arms and conflict commodities; and the illicit drug trade
- 16.4 by 2030 increase inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels and ensure prior informed consent of indigenous and local communities in decision-making and natural resources management, and promote the use of their traditional knowledge and culture by 2030 establish inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making mechanisms at all levels, ensuring the participation of representatives of each sector, social and political groups, and ensure prior informed consent of indigenous people
- 16.5 by 2030 provide equal access for all to independent, effective, and responsive justice systems and promote the rule of law by 2030 provide equal and affordable access for all without distinction of color, race, sexual and political orientation or religion to independent, effective, responsive and accountable justice system and promote rule of law
- 16.6 by 2020 provide legal identity for all, including free universal birth and civil registrations
- 16.7 promote free and easy access to information, freedom of expression, association and peaceful assembly by 2025, implement effective regimes for access to information, and ensure legal frameworks guarantee freedom of media, expression, association and peaceful assembly
- 16.8 broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in international economic and financial decision making and norm setting [move to Goal 17]
- 16.a develop effective, accountable and transparent public institutions at all levels including security and police forces by 2030, people from all social groups feel safe and have confidence in security provision.
- 16.b strengthen national institutions and international cooperation to combat crimes, including illicit flows and organized crime
- 16.c by 2030, achieve universal affordable broadband access (i.e., 100% penetration) in every country as a means to promote open government

## Proposed goal 17.

Strengthen and enhance the means of implementation and global partnership for sustainable development

With support of the Major Group for Children and Youth, the NGO's Major Group, the Women's Major Group, the Workers and Trade Unions' Major Group, the Stakeholder Group on Ageing, Beyond 2015, Third World Network, the Journalists and Writers Foundation and Peace Islands Institute

#### Trade

- 17.1 promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system in compliance with the development-oriented mandate of the WTO Doha Round and the human rights framework which is based in ex ante and ex post facto gender, human rights and environmental impact assessments
- 17.2 **ensure equitable** improve market access for **agricultural and industrial** exports of developing countries, in particular Least Developed Countries, African countries, LLDCs and SIDS with a view to significantly increasing their share in global exports, including **and** doubling the LDC share by 2020
- 17.3 realize timely implementation of duty-free, quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries consistent with WTO decisions and the Istanbul Programme of Action

#### **Finance**

- developed countries implement fully ODA commitments for poverty eradication and implementation of SDG to provide from 0.7% of GNI to 1% in ODA to developing countries of which 0.15-0.200.35% to least-developed countries on an agreed timeline, ensuring transparency, accountability, and effectiveness
- 17.5 strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to improve domestic capacity for tax collection through progressive taxation, international cooperation to eliminate tax evasion, to design tax policies that disincentivize unsustainable practices, revenue transparency for corporate actors, and mobilize new and additional international financial resources from multiple sources, with a priority on public resources over that of private and public-private resources
- 17.5 bis by 2015, turn the UN Committee of Experts on International Tax Cooperation into an intergovernmental body
- 17.6 assist developing countries in attaining long term cooperate to ensure debt sustainability for developing countries including through debt relief, debt financing and debt restructuring through inter alia by the establishment of a standing intergovernmental sovereign debt workout mechanism.

#### Technology

- 17.7 Ensure North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international collaboration on **equitable** access to, **and assessment of** science, technology and innovation, and enhance knowledge sharing, including through a <del>possible</del> UN global technology facilitation mechanism
- 17.8 **ensure equitable** <del>promote</del> transfer and dissemination of clean and environmentally sound and socially beneficial technologies including by removing IPR and other barriers to developing countries, and encourage the full use of TRIPS flexibilities

17.9 Build science, technology and innovation capacity in developing and least developed countries, including to undertake technology assessment and research and development of clean and environmentally sound technologies, and fully operationalize the Technology Bank and STI (Science, Technology and Innovation) Capacity Building Mechanism for LDCs by 2017

#### **Capacity building**

- 17.10 develop and implement effective and targeted capacity building programmes in developing countries in support of national plans for implementing all sustainable development goals in line with human rights framework and gender equality—especially LDCs, including strengthening statistical capacity; ensuring sensitivity to discrimination, and bringing about change
- 17.10 bis strengthen the capacity of countries to create and assess integrated national plans for sustainable development, in a meaningful, well resourced and participatory way with all civil society
- 17.10 ter build capacity to enable the coordination of developmental and humanitarian actors in developing societal resilience

#### Policy and institutional coherence

- 17.11 enhance global macroeconomic policy coordination and policy establish the coherence in support of sustainable development of economic, social and environmental policies in support of sustainable development at domestic and international levels
- 17.12 respect each country's policy space with respect to establishing and implementing policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development, as well as addressing international rules and agreements that constrain national policy space

#### **Multi-stakeholder partnerships**

- 17.13 support current broad based multi-stakeholder partnerships and encourage new ones that mobilize knowledge, expertise, technologies and financial resources to support the achievement of sustainable development goals in all countries, particularly developing countries
- 17.14 encourage and promote public, public private, and private special funds and foundations, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships such as GFATM, GEF, GAVI, BMGF, SE4AII, EWEC

#### Data, monitoring and accountability

- 17.15 by 2020, increase significantly the achieve public availability of, and access to, high-quality and timely multidimensional data disaggregated by income, socio-economic status, gender, age, race, ethnicity, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, geographic location and other context-relevant characteristics relevant in national contexts, with capacity building support to developing countries, especially LDCs as a basis for gender-responsive and non-discriminatory public policy
- 17.16 undertake regular voluntary monitoring and reporting of progress on SDGs, led by governments, within a shared accountability framework, including means of implementation, the global partnership among Member States and multi-stakeholder initiatives and partnerships within a robust and participatory accountability framework covering means of

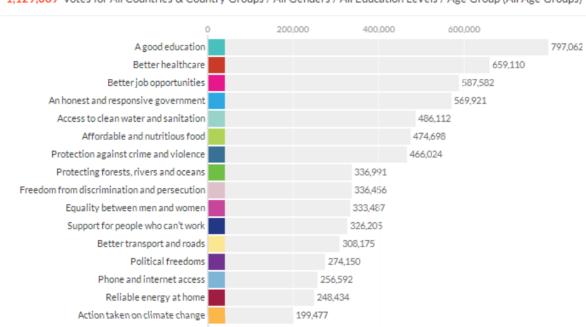
- implementation, led by governments with the active and meaningful participation of civil society, local communities, and other stakeholders
- 17.17 by 2030 develop and progressively introduce a employ a broader system of national accounting including natural, social and human capital and measures of progress beyond GDP, incorporating environmental impact, with supportive statistical capacity building in developing countries, sustainability, social inclusion, rights-based and quality of life indicators, to monitor progress towards SDGs, ensuring that all means of implementation employed are compatible with environmental sustainability, basic human rights, and that no target should be considered met unless it is met for the lowest quintile of any population.

## **MyWorld Flowchart and Wordmap**

While the aforementioned Major Groups and other stakeholder inputs address the concerns of constituencies and organizations from across the world, it is also essential to address what citizens in the field have prioritized as their priorities.

MY World is a global survey for citizens led by the United Nations and partners. It aims to capture people's voices, priorities and views, to provide a different dimension and perspective to international discussions, and engage all voices as leaders negotiate the new sustainable development agenda for Post-2015.

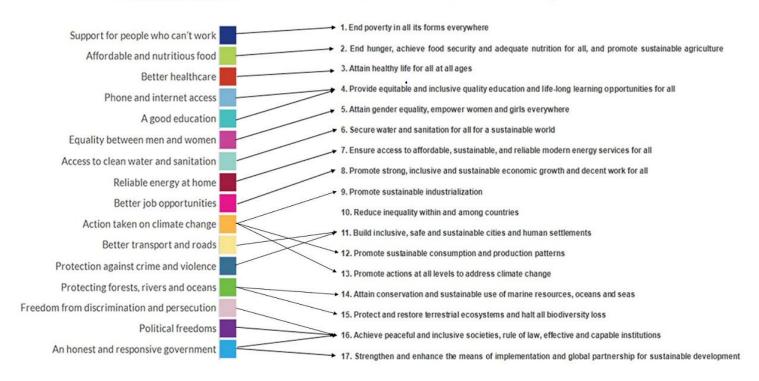
Through creative online and offline methods, MY World asks individuals which six of seventeen possible issues they think would make the most difference to their lives. Existing research and polling including that on the MDGs, sustainability, security, governance and transparency serve as the basis for the selection of the seventeen issues. See more at: MYWorld



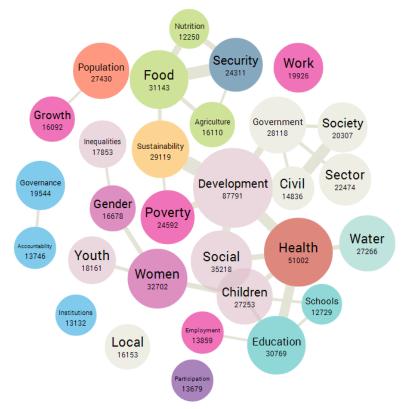
1,129,689 votes for All Countries & Country Groups / All Genders / All Education Levels / Age Group (All Age Groups)



## **Proposed Sustainable Development Goals**







<sup>\*</sup>For more information visit: worldwewant2015.org/trends